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THE SOCIETY'S PERIODICALS.

THE SAHORS' MAGAZINE AND SEAMEN'S FRIEND, a monthly publication of thirty-two page sontains the proceedings of the American Seamen's Friend Society, and its Branches at a utiliaries, with notices of the labors of local independent Societies in behalf of seame its aim being to present a general view of the history, nature, progress and wants of the Eeamen's Cause, and commend it to the sympathies, the prayers and the benefactions the community.

THE MAGAZINE is sent to single subscribers for ONE DOLLAR a year, payable in advance. Persons ordering a change in the direction of the MAGAZINE should always give both the aid and new address, in full

THE SEAMEN'S FRIEND is issued, annually, as a four page tract adapted to seamen, at gratuitously distributed among them. It is furnished to Auxiliary Societies for this us at the rate of ONE DOLLAR per hundred.

THE LIFE BOAT, an eight-page paper, published monthly, will contain brief tales, and dotes, incidents, &c., and facts, mainly relating to the work of the LOAN LIBRARIES issue by the Society. Any Sabbath-School contributing to the Society \$20 for a LOAN LIBRAR by the Society. Any Sabbath-School contributing to the Society \$20 may receive fifty copies, gratis, for one year, with postage prepaid.

Provided a request is sent, annually, for the Sailors' Magazine, it will be forward gratuitously to Life Directors, Life Members and pastors of churches in which a yearly of lection is taken for the Society.

It will also, upon application, be sent for one year to any one contributing at least Twe ty Dollars for the general objects of the Society, or to endow a Loan Library.

It is necessary that all receivers of the Magazine, gratuitously, should give annual necessary that all receivers of the Magazine, gratuitously, should give annual necessary.

tices of their desire for its continuance.

REMITTANCES.

Remittances for the American Seamen's Friend Society, in payment of subscriptions the Sallors' Magazine, or for any other purpose, should be sent to No. 76 Wall Street, Ne York City, by P. O. Money Order, or check, or draft on New York, to the order of William C. Sturges, Treasurer, or money may be enclosed in a registered letter. Postmasters a new obliged to register letters at ten cents each, when requested. If acknowledgments remittances are not received by return mail, the Treasurer should be notified at once.

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The payment of Five Dollars makes an ANNUAL MEMBER of the Society, and of Thir Dollars at one time, a Life Member. The payment of One Hundred Dollars at one time makes a LIFE DIRECTOR.

FORM OF A BEQUEST.

"I give and bequeath to the American Seamen's Friend Society, incorporated by the Legislature of New York, in the year 1833, the sum of—, to be applied to the charital uses and purposes of the said Society."

Three witnesses should certify at the end of the will, over their signatures, to the following formalities, which, in the formation of the will, should be strictly observed:—

1st. That the testator subscribed (or acknowledged the subscription of) the will in the presence.—2nd. That he, at the same time, declared to them that it was his last will and the tament.—3rd. That they, the witnesses, then and there, in his presence, and at his request and in presence of each other, signed their names thereto, as witnesses.



ol. 70,

MARCH, 1898.

No. 3

A MESSAGE FROM THE SEA.

What is the theme entrancing and eternal

The wild waves sing,—

What is the message fraught with life supernal
Their voices bring?

From what far shore of more than earthly beauty

Are dreams set free,

To weken thoughts of hope, and love, and duty

To waken thoughts of hope, and love, and duty, Beside the sea?

What mighty One, in this sweet solemn fashion,

Has wrought His will,—

Bidding the angry pulse of human passion

Grow calm and still?

And what the message, wonderful yet tender, His lips have given,

Thus to be hurled in wild barbaric splendor

To earth from heaven?

Be still, my soul, nor question thus so blindly The hidden word,

Till by the love that speaks in silence, kindly
Thy depths are stirred.

And know, that for himself must each dissever
The thoughts that start,

Beating through this grand monotone forever, From God's great heart!

-Transcript.

For The Sailors' Magazine.

THE SHELTER SIGNAL OF THE CROSS.

The following sonnet is from the pen of Mr. John S. Pierson, who has through many years of devoted service done so much to aid the Society's efforts for the most the sea. It might stand as, in some sense, a description of his own work; for by his skill and energy in the distribution of the Bible and of Christian literature he hifted high and upheld on many a wild shore and far-withdrawn island and on the ship's deck upon many a heaving sea, the shelter signal of the cross.

A little chapel on that rocky shore
Of six huge stones was rudely edified,
Just out of reach of the advancing tide,
Up to the very threshold of whose door
Ravened the toiling breakers evermore;
Yet not a single drop e'er dashed inside,
To wet the conch upon the rocky floor,
Or the wine-cruse with bread-loaf by its side,
Placed by the good lord of that stormy coast
For shipwrecked mariners struggling from the brine,
All bruised and battered, ship and comrades lost,
Up to the steadfast radiance of that sign
That, o'er a world of waters tempest-tost,
Signalled that shelter far—the Cross Divine.

JOHN S. PIERSON

A SONG OF THE NAVY.

We steamed out of dock in the Nancy—
Revolutions one hundred and three;
She's the best subdivided, I fancy,
Of any flat iron at sea.
So farewell to the wharf that we coaled at,
To sweethearts and wives, for, indeed,
We've coal for ten days in our bunkers,
Af our most economical speed.
For sailors were born to be stokers,
And handle a shovel below,
With an inch and a-half on the gauges,
In the dark, where the furnaces glow.

When we near went ashore in the Narrows,
We thought it was up with us all;
For the sea it was running in mountains,
And the night lay as black as a pall;
But we switched on the dynamo circuit,
And a six-thousand-candle-power ray
Showed the sea and the shore and the breakers
As bright as if it were day.

For sailors were born electricians,
To live at the end of a wire—
"Are you there—in the turret?"
"Aye, aye, sir";
"Are you there?—Starboard Battery, fire!"

And though it's "Old Navy" no longer,
But boilers, and stokers, and steel,
And the ship is a box of contraptions
From her fighting-top down to her keel;
And though the plain sailor-man's done for,
And Jack, when his officers call,
Must serve in a score of odd trades—why
He just will be Jack of them all.
For sailors were born to be handy
At any job under the sun;
And they say what a bluejacket can't do
Ain't very much worth doing at all.

-Scarlet and Blue.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

DR GILLESPIE, one of the secretaries of the Presbyterian Board of oreign Missions, recently in an address complained that pastors were erhaps the chief obstacle to the success of foreign missions by reason their indifference, and named as the cause of indifference their failure to grasp the missionary teaching and to imbibe the missionev spirit of the word of God, and at the same time a failure to catch ne significance of the providential movements of this missionary cenirv." Many pastors have weak churches, barely able to keep the wolf com the door, and many unable to do that. Many are unable to espond to the claims of the denomination, which are put first, and nany are just able to do that and nothing more. With all the excepons that are named or imagined, however, there is a measure of truth Dr. GILLESPIE'S charge. As preachers are under divine orders to reach the gospel, whether men will hear or forbear, they are also bliged by their commission to teach the duty and privilege of furishing the sinews of war to the sacramental host. If they were more bedient to the spirit of their commission, by degrees indifference rould give place to interest, and the streams of benevolence would low in fuller measure.

Given a pastor, for example, who never mentions sailors in his pubic prayers and addresses, it would be strange if his people did not foret their existence. Given a pastor who does not see the sailor in the rord of God, and does not realize his providential agency in advancing the kingdom of Christ, it would be natural for his people even the lag behind him in stupid disregard of the light that is flashing into eyes open to receive it. Commerce is a complex thing and enfolds world of meaning to the student of providential movements. Pastor are the very men to get at that meaning, to become inspired by it, the grow eloquent in the utterance of it, and to beget their own knowledge and feeling in the minds and hearts of their hearers. To preaching the gospel let them add the description of the world's need of it and the efforts made to meet it; taking up the subject in sections, let them not forget that vast fragment, the men of the sea, and fee through and through and make others feel what it means to Christ and His cause to have millions of men travelling agents of His Church If pastors get that thought into the heads and hearts of their people the response will surprise them. But if the pastor cares little, the people will care less.

IN the LIFE BOAT for February correspondence was printed showing the interest of Southern children in making comfort bags for seamen Chaplain John M. Wood, of the Navy Yard, New York, has sent ou large numbers of bags and has stimulated the Chicago Christian Endeavor Union to do the same on the lakes. The following extract from the letters of lake sailors show their appreciation of them:

May God bless you for your kind remembrance of an old sailor. Your selection of the articles in this little bag is truly wonderful; they will be very useful to not for I am a great hand for repairing my clothes. You and all those dear your people engaged in this Christian work will be remembered in my prayers.

Another: I am extremely thankful for the present you have sent me and I shar use the little Testament as you wished, and shall always think there is some on thinks of the old sailors and their little needs.

Another: I thank you for the courtesy you have shown me while a stranger i your city. A part of its contents have been used to relieve the suffering of other and at the very moment when most needed. Often perused are the contents of the beautiful word of God.

Another: Let me say right here I have seen a good many comfort bags that have been given out among sailors in different parts of the world by good Christian people but I never saw any to compare with this one. It will be one year the 25th of Augus since God saved me. I ask an interest in your prayers that I may be kept steadfas in the way, for I am very weak.

Another: Sailors I know are looked upon by many as a rough and vulgar clas but there are many that are good and true men and were brought up in Christia families. There is a right and wrong way to touch the hearts of sailors, and so acts as you and the society are doing will do more good than anything else toward redeeming them. Your letter is a beautiful one and I have read it a dozen time over.

Another testified that four years ago he was given a comfort bag at Cob Dock in e Brooklyn Navy Yard, made by a little girl fourteen years old, of Providence, I. He replied to her kind letter and read the Testament through and resolved lead a Christian life. Thus this sailor was saved through the agency of the Silent Missionary."

The following was written to Mrs. E. O. Moffett, of Ulsterville, acknowledgment of a comfort bag:

We all have good reason to thank God for His mercies unto us in delivering us om a watery grave and giving us another chance to walk in His ways. I quite ree with you as to the value of that precious book, the New Testament, or I should y the whole Bible. My friend can rest assured that I will peruse it diligently, and trust that I shall find comfort in it, although I am sorry to say that I have been a tekslider; still the services and prayer meetings conducted here by Capt. Dollar ve comforted me, and I am sure that I feel happier in myself every day, when I that which I know to be right and godly. I must close this letter with best wishes r success to my kind friends in their missions among those that plough the sea, id may they be the means of bringing many to God and helping many a sailor to alk in the narrow path. Again thanking you for your kindness. May God bless e American Seamen's Friend Society and all who labor for the sailors' welfare.

The following was received by Mrs. A. E. BACKUS, of Schenectady: I am very thankful to see that we have some dear friends trying to do us good. s a rule sailors have got a great many enemies. I thank you very much for the ig. I shall put your letter in my berth, where I can put my hand on it.

But the SAILORS' MAGAZINE cannot print a tithe of the letters illors write in grateful appreciation of comfort bags.

LOAN LIBRARIES. The master of the schooner Walter M. Young rites of No. 7,675:

I take much pleasure in thanking you for use of the present library and wish to y that, we take much pleasure in reading the books so kindly furnished. They nonly be appreciated by those who know what lonesome and idle hours are passed thout reading of any kind on board.

The master of the brigantine Edward E. Hutchings writes of No. 196:

I feel it my duty to write a few lines to thank your Society for the library which as taken out of my vessel a few days ago and replaced by No. 9,375. The last orary was on board over one year and read with pleasure by myself and crew. Our Society has taken a great interest in the seafaring life and done great good. I uppe the givers will feel that they have spent their money in a good cause. May not bless the donors and may they receive their reward when He numbers His wels.

The master of the schooner *Hattie H. Barbour* writes of No. 9,681: I found it when I took charge, and have read the books with great pleasure and so the officers and crews that I have had. I am much pleased to get a chance to

exchange for another library and get so much valuable reading, and the next op will be duly appreciated.

The wife of the captain of the schooner Carrie A. Bucknam write of No. 9,825:

One of your libraries has been on board for the past year. It was thoroughly ree by myself and many of the men from different crews. The books were appreciate by us all, and in many cases do much good. Accept my thanks both for the or library and the new one, and God bless the donors.

The master of the schooner Wentworth writes of No. 9,868:

The library was on board when I joined her in May, 1897. I have read the motionity of the books myself, and on Sabbath mornings gave them out to the crew. can say that myself and officers have enjoyed them, and also the crew. I know thee libraries are a means of good to seamen, in fact I would not care to go a voyage without one.

The master of the schooner Eagle Wing writes of No. 9,916:

I think the men have enjoyed the books, as they have read a great many of the during the voyage, the crew being a very good, sober set of men.

The master of the bark Eudora writes of No. 10,227:

Will you kindly thank the donors, and inform them that the books were read as highly appreciated by both officers and crew. I shall be greatly obliged if you wous exchange them for a different library, as I am about entering on another voyage Australia. Thanking you for past favors.

For The Sailors' Magazine.

REMINISCENCES OF A SAILOR.

BY ALBERT REMICK.

Early in July, 1854, I joined the new ship Sierra Nevada, Captain Penhallow, for a vovage around Cape Horn to Callao, Peru, thence to the Chincha Islands and to Hampton Roads for orders. From my earliest recollection I had a strong desire to go to sea, till finally ill health decided me to try The captain adthe effect of it. vised me to ship regularly as a boy before the mast and not as a passenger, and if I was sick he would take me into the cabin and care for me.

When we got on deck of the ship from the small row boat I

told the first mate my object i going to sea, and that I wanted learn all I could so that if I com tinued the sea life I might becom an officer. The mate told me H would do his best to teach me nav igation. Our future bedrooms con sisted of rough board bunks pr up between decks, as we had n cargo; and the boys (ten of un being by ourselves were kept awa from the forecastle. This was cer tainly not very inviting, but w were so full of the enthusiasm going to sea we were willing take everything as we found i Our table was the ship's deck, an

ir chairs were our chests, and iter supper we turned in for the

ight.

Next morning early we were set work slushing and tarring the gging; nice work for hands that ad been accustomed to handle ne wares of a jewelry store! On unday morning we were called n deck at an early hour to wash ecks. Some used large holy stones nd others small stones which the ailors called prayer-books. xercise took until seven o'clock, then we were allowed to go to About 7.30 we turned reakfast. b again in loosing the topgallant opsails, fore and mainsails, laid ut the halvards ready for hoistng, got the cluelines and buntnes ready to let go, then the heets and down-hauls overhauled nd ready to be manned, and rigged he windlass ready to man. ad only half our crew of able seanen and the boys were as much n the way as useful, but finally verything was ready.

As soon as the men were gotten n board from the steam-tug with heir chests and bags, and the wners had made their last farevells to the captain and officers, he order was given to weigh anhor and we commenced to heave t the windlass with a shanty song. As soon as the anchor was started ve hauled up the jib, then the oresail and foretopsail were hauled ip and sheeted home; then the naintopsail, then the mizzentopail and spanker, then the foretopcallantsail, main and mizzen; then he anchor was up and made fast n position to remain for a long

vav.

During all this time we had litle opportunity to look back to ake a farewell glimpse of familiar objects as one by one they faded

ime, and we were fairly under

away in the distance, till at last the land itself was lost to view and we were away on the ocean sailing. Everything was so new, exciting and interesting in obeying orders as they were given, that we hardly took account of the fine speed we were making. I had been at work in the after part of the ship during the afternoon and had not noticed the motion and did not realize that we were way out on the ocean till four bells struck, which was the signal for quitting Then I went forward and to my surprise the nine boys were around the forecastle deck all sick. and the sight of them made me join their ranks, and for three days I was very seasick.

As is the custom on ships going to sea, at six o'clock all hands were called aft to the quarter deck to be called off into two watches; the first mate choosing, then the second mate, through the able seamen, then the ordinary seamen, then the boys. I was the first boy chosen by the first mate and therefore was in the first mate's watch, and my chum was in the same watch. After the watches were chosen I found we had a crew of thirty able seamen, six ordinary seamen, ten boys, four mates, one boatswain, one cook, one carpenter, one steward, one stewardess.

and one captain.

While we boys were all more or less seasick, it seemed the boatswain's principal duty to keep us moving, coming for us when watch was called and making us get out sick or not. I thought to myself "Old fellow, it is your turn now, but if I ever catch you on shore I will pay you for all the trouble and annoyance you have caused me." But of course that was his duty, and we were all the better for his continual prodding. After the

third day all feeling of seasickness left me and I had difficulty to get enough to eat. It was a novel feeling to find myself out on the ocean, a regular sailor boy, eating ship's food, of which we had plenty, and feeling perfectly well.

I gained strength rapidly.

Among the able-bodied seamen was a Frenchman, who had been stolen from a Russian brig in Boston harbor by those amiable gentry called boarding house runners. They induced this man to desert his vessel with promise of rum, made him drunk, shipped him on our ship, drew his two months' advance pay, as was the custom then for long voyages, and brought him off to our ship beastly drunk. He had only a sailor's large bag, with one pound of tobacco, not a stitch of clothing except what he stood in, and without a cent of This illustrates the custom of shipping agents and masters of ships. The master has no authority to refuse the men that are shipped, but must take them without regard to their qualifications. Of the crew brought from New York one man was seventyfive years old, with eyesight so bad he could not read the compass and could not take his trick at the wheel, and could not go off the deck. Three others of the New York crew, who were shipped as able seamen, had never been to sea, except to cross the ocean as steerage passengers. These men had been told in New York that they were going to Baltimore and could work their way, helping to cook and do general work, but when they came on board the ship and found they were bound on a long voyage, they went aft to the captain and with tears in their eyes begged to be put ashore; but the captain told them they must

make the best of it. As these me could not speak English they ha a sorry prospect before them. Tr Frenchman chirped up, took hot of a rope to pull when others me tioned him to do so, and we cheerful; by mending shoes for the sailors he also gained their favor The two Germans were downhear: ed and surly. One, a very ta man, would occasionally sleep over his watch until aroused by som of the men, and that would occi sion a fight, as he did not know was his duty to get up when the watch was called; also he would hide away to shirk duty; all which caused him more troubt and bad treatment, until final on the twelfth day out he was no to be found. The ship was seare ed thoroughly but no trace of his was ever found. It is suppose he jumped overboard, as we neve saw him again. The other Ges man tried to do all he could, by on the voyage home he fell down the forecastle deck stairs, and was unable to do a stroke of work the balance of the voyage.

To illustrate the working of the evil practice of shipping men unfit for the work; the first time was were called to shorten sail, out a crew of forty-six men and boronly twenty-three could go alof. I well remember my feelings the first time I went up to the mannoyal to take in sail. I felt very proud to be able to handle the saw with the direction and assistant of one of the able seamen. With the ship rolling in a heavy sea is a very different matter to holon and work than it appears while

the ship is at the wharf.

I remember after being five a six days out a remark of one at the two boys we had from the easern shore of Maryland: "Bill, didn't know we had to keep:

sed after we had got the ship t to sea and all sails set, we uld then sit down and see her "I have noticed that when men

get started in business they want to sit down and see it go, instead of hustling as the successful merchant does.

(To be continued.)

For The Sailors' Magazine.

JAPANESE SEAMEN.

BY THE REV. GEORGE P. PIERSON, SAPPORO, JAPAN.

Forty millions of people in Jain have no intelligent knowledge the way of salvation. It is hardan exaggeration to say that one rson out of every five in the emre is associated directly with life board boats or ships. Eight illions of people make a large trish. From the most primitive all craft — the hollowed - out unk of a tree—to the finest man--war afloat, is a great stretch. ll the boats and vessels included this parenthesis bear the men ho with their wives and children rm our parish. If it is the way God's appointing we should be joiced to see evangelists raised out of the heart of these milons.

Japanese fishermen are a hardy t of men and simple minded. hey believe in gods of the sea. hat fishing community where no mple is found is a rare one. Even the sailing craft themselves are be seen diminutive shrines, reinding you of the sailors in nah's vessel, who cried every an unto his god when the temst lay heavy on them.

The Ainu people of Yezo stand their kamui on the shore in out of their beached fishing ats. The kamui are short sticks wittled at the upper end, with e curling shavings left unseverProbably these kamui are not oked upon as gods themselves

but rather as indicating the place where the gods are. The Japanese deep sea sailors and crews of smaller coast steamers have less superstition, but, generally speaking, no especial religion. Casual acquaintance with the navy men has induced in the writer respect for this portion of the seafaring population. But there is one need and one gospel; and direct work for sailors is yet only in its day of beginnings.

You see yonder ship. After a long voyage, it has neared haven, but is much injured; the sails are rent to ribbons, and it is in such a forlorn condition that it cannot come up to the harbor; a steam tug is pulling it in with the greatest possible difficulty. is like the righteous being "scarcely saved." But do you see that other ship? It has made a prosperous voyage; and now, laden to the water's edge, with the sails all up and with the white canvas filled with the wind, it rides into the harbor joyously and nobly. That is an "abundant entrance;" and if you and I are helped by God's Spirit to add to our faith, virtue, and so on, we shall have at the last an "abundant entrance into the kingdom of our Lord Jesus Christ."—C. H. Spurgeon.

SKETCH OF THE SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY OF NORFOLK, VA.

[At the semi-centennial celebration of the Norfolk Society on Federuary 14, 1876, the Rev. E. N. Crane read the following sketch which is so full and complete to that date, that it is reproduced from the Sailors' Magazine, April, 1876, as one of the series of sketch of the missions of this Society now appearing in this Magazine. Edit

The first and only record of a Seamen's Friend Society in Norfolk, previous to the present organization that we have been able to find, is in the files of the Amer-Beacon and Norfolk and Portsmouth Advertiser, where on February 4, 1825, is reported "A meeting held January 21st preceding at the house of Rev. Noah Davis, pastor of this (Cumberland Street Baptist) church, at which was formed a Seamen's Friend Society for the propagation of the gospel among seamen in this port." An executive committee of fifteen was appointed—the Rev. Noah Davis, chairman; William Carline, treasurer, and Joseph DeCormis, secretary.

A notice appeared in the Beacon of Saturday, January 22, 1825, that "the Rev. Mr. Davis would preach to seamen next day, at 3 o'clock, in Kay's sail loft on Southgate wharf," and was repeated the following week. How long this service was continued, or what the Society accomplished, does not ap-

pear.

Fifty years ago to-night, on this very spot, in this very house, and probably nearly at this very hour, the present Norfolk Seamen's Friend Society was organized. Its minutes are extant from the beginning—the earlier records being written by hands long since moldered to dust. The record of the first meeting is as follows:

"Norfolk, Va. A meeting was

held February 14, 1826, according to previous arrangement, at the Cumberland Street Baptist meeting-house to take into consideration the necessity and expedient of making an effort in the port. Norfolk for the spiritual good seamen. After the assembly, while was numerous and respectable, he met, the services were commenced by singing a hymn.

"The Rev. Dr. French, of the Methodist Church, prayed for to divine blessing on the proceedings."

"The Rev. Dr. French was can

ed to the chair.

"The Rev. Mr. Kolloch, of the Presbyterian Church, offered the following resolution, accompanion by an address:

"Resolved, That it is expedient to make an effort in this port ameliorate the spiritual conditions."

of seamen.

"The resolution was adopted."
"The Rev. H. W. Ducachet, the Episcopal Church, then a dressed the meeting, explained a enforced the plan, and offered constitution, which was unamously adopted."

"The abundance of the sea shi be converted unto thee." Isaii

lx: 5.

This was doubtless intended be the motto of the Society.

Then follows the constitution which is similar to that of kinds societies.

A board of managers was eleed consisting of a president a enty four other members (from tich the other officers were osen) six from each of the four urches then in Norfolk, viz.: ptist, Episcopal, Methodist and esbyterian, including the pass of each, thus insuring for the ntrol of the Society a true catholic, evangelical Christianity, the inciple upon which most relibus societies in behalf of seamen we been founded, and upon tich this Society has always act-

The roll of this original board managers, elected on the nomition of the Rev. Noah Davis, of e Baptist Church, is as follows: Robert Soutter, president; capn Richard Drummond and capn James Gilbert, vice-presints; captain Robert Hatton, easurer; Rev. Noah Davis, seccary; Rev. John French, Rev. epherd K. Kolloch, Rev. Henry . Ducachet, Oney S. Dameron, otain Angus Martin, William axwell, Daniel G. Fisk, Hardy endren, captain Robert eed, James Nimmo, captain mes Hamilton, Robert C. Jengs, George Finch, George Rownd, Thomas L. Robertson, Wilm Carline, Walter Ross, Joseph Cormis, John Black, Jeremiah endren.

Of this roll not one now sur-

At the first meeting of the board managers, held February 20, 26, by-laws were adopted, and a board divided into four work-g committees of five each, and minister attached to each who re appointed preachers of the ciety.

The Bethel flag presented by the thel Union of New York City the previous Society was handover to this Society by the Rev. ah Davis, and committed to the secretary with instructions to cause it to be hoisted at proper seasons.

The first religious services under the auspices of this Society appear from the preliminary arrangements to have been held in the second story of captain Richard Drummond's warehouse, the effort to procure the use of a room in the Custom House having failed.

On February 23, the board provided for the purchase of tracts to distribute among seamen, and on April 21 resolved that the Society become auxiliary to the AMERICAN SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY by complying with the conditions required, and the Rev. Noah Davis was delegated to represent the Society at the next annual meeting of the national organization.

Preaching to seamen seems to have been supplied by the city pastors in rotation until December 14, 1826, when the Rev. Dr. French was appointed stated preacher for three months, but failed to keep the appointment for want of a suitable place in which to hold services; therefore, at a meeting of the board held April 24, 1827, the project of building a Mariners' Church was introduced and discussed, and a resolution adopted that it was "expedient to begin the effort."

This was the first step toward establishing a Bethel in Norfolk.

On July 26 1827, Lieut. Charles W. Skinner, U. S. N., was elected a manager in place of the Rev. Noah Davis, resigned, and appointed on a committee with the president, Robert Soutter, and the Rev. Dr. French, to select a site for a Mariners' Church, and on April 28, 1828, a committee was appointed to estimate the cost of a suitable brick building for the purpose, to seat 500 or 600. This

project, however, seems not to have succeeded at that time, nor for a number of years after. February 9, 1832, the Rev. Mr. Kennedy, city missionary, was appointed by the board to preach to the mariners. How long this arrangement continued does not appear. From this point no record appears on the minutes for several years, showing a suspension of the oper-

ations of the Society,

The next record is of a meeting held January 8, 1839, at the house of Capt. C. K. Stribling, U. S. N., who was elected a manager, and appointed on a committee with the Rev. Jeremiah Hendren, to examine into a bequest left to the Society by the late Capt. James Hamilton. At this meeting Joseph DeCormis was appointed secretary, which office he held in the former Society in 1825, in place of the Rev. S. K. Kolloch, resigned. Mr. William D. Bagnall was appointed treasurer.

The Mariners' Church project, though long delayed, was not abandoned. Funds were gradually accumulating, and on December 11, 1840, the board appointed a building committee to select a site for, and estimate the cost of, a suitable brick building for the purpose, and report as soon as practicable. A board of trustees, consisting of Messrs. G. W. Paul, G. W. Camp and J. T. Soutter, was appointed to attend to all the financial affairs

of the Society.

The building committee reported July 30, 1842, that after various negotiations they had agreed to purchase a lot on Wide Water St. for \$800. The report was adopted and a committee appointed to collect funds for the building.

The death of the president, Robert Soutter, Sr., (July 24, 1842), was announced at this meet-

ing, and suitable resolutions pared. In the church, and in but ness circles, and in public esteemone stood higher than he, as none have been more lamented. At the next meeting, soon after

plans for the Mariners' Chur were presented and one selecter and Messrs. James D. Johnson James T. Soutter, George Camp, and Benjamin Pollar were appointed a committee to deavor to get the Society incorrated by the State Legislatu which they accomplished, and January 27, 1843, the Norfolk S men's Friend Society was organi ed under its charter by a major of its members assembled in Cumberland St. Baptist Churc where the first organization to place, and where almost all public meetings have been her Dr. Nathan C. Whitehead, w had been elected a manager I cember 9, 1842, and chosen prodent in place of Mr. Soutter, ceased, until the next annual el tion of officers, was in the chair

The charter granted by the I gislature and "Rules and Regutions" in accordance with it wadopted, and Tazewell Tayll Lieut. Arthur Sinclair, U. S. I and the Rev. Mr. Robinson, of Baptist Church, the duly appoined committee, nominated a bost of managers for the ensuing year.

viz.:

Dr. Nathan C. Whitehead, prident; Capt. Charles W. Skinn U. S. N., and Capt. James Gbert, merchant marine, vice-prodents; William D. Bagnall, treurer; Joseph De Cormis, secreta Samuel W. Paul, Dr. Ralph I gers, John M. Nash, Benjam Pollard, John Ridley, Capt. C. Stribling, U. S. N., Dr. Geowilson, Lewis Salusbury. Jam D. Johnson, Alexander Bell,

Bucktrout, James T. Soutter, ristopher Hall, Geo. W. Camp, S. Rockwell, Rev. Jeremiah adren, Rev. Arthur Cooper, er P. Mayo, Thomas D. Toy Rev. J. E. Joyner, who were eted without a dissenting voice. by three of these were on the ginal board of managers sevenayears previous, Capt. James bert, Joseph De Cormis and Rev. Jeremiah Hendren.

That the ladies of Norfolk bene at this time actively intered in the seamen's cause appears in the fact found recorded in files of the Norfolk Herald, it in 1843 they held a fair in the bons of Walters's Hotel (since troyed by fire) to aid the Marris' Church erection fund, which ted \$1,438 50.

1essrs. Pollard, Bucktrout, itter, Johnson, and Tazewell ylor were about this time apnted a committee of finance to ise ways and means to erect the

posed church.

The ceremony of laying the corstone took place on the national iversary, July 4, 1843; the day ng ushered in with salutes from Norfolk Light Artillery Blues the United States vessels in harbor.

In March 7, 1845, steps were en to elect a chaplain and proe for his support, and the buildcommittee was instructed to ruire in reference to vacant lots oining the Mariners' Church a Sailors' Home, and on April collowing the Rev. William Reed s elected chaplain for three nths. He served six months, en the board failing to comply h his request to form a regular shel church organization, he gned, and on November 18 foling the Rev. William H. Starr, the M. E. Church, was elected plain.

On the 18th of April, 1846, the Norfolk Female Seamen's Aid Society (of the existence of which this is the first record I have as yet been able to find) sent a communication to the board of managers, offering to co-operate in sustaining a Sailors' Home, which it was contemplated to establish in Norfolk, and Mr. James D. Johnson was appointed to wait on the Ladies' Society and learn their views and obtain from other sources such information as might be pertinent to the subject.

On the 18th of July following the Ladies' Society offered to be responsible for \$150 annually for the rent of the house selected by the Norfolk Seamen's Friend Society and occupied as a Seamen's Home by Mr. Childs, who was thereupon elected superintendent of the Seamen's Home for one year from January 1, 1844; but Mr. Childs withdrew from the engagement before that time, and

the project failed.

The next annual meeting of the Society was held in the Cumberland Street Baptist Church, May 8, 1848, president Dr N. C. Whitehead in the chair. The board of managers elected were: Dr. Nathan C. Whitehead, president; Rev. Arthur Cooper, Dr. George Wilson, vice-presidents; William D. Bagnall, treasurer; Thomas D. Toy, secretary. Eight new managers appeared on the roll, viz.: Richard B. Wright, J. G. H. Hatton, Lieut. R. B. Pegram, U. S. N., Seth March, Richard Capron, George F. Anderson, Harrison Robertson, N. H. Williams, members.

The name of the last one of the original managers, the Rev. Jeremiah Hendren, so regularly enrolled at the meetings of the board, disappears from the record after November 18, 1845.

The Mariners' Church was destroyed in the great conflugration which devastated that portion of the city on June 16, 1848, and the Rev. Mr. Starr's chaplaincy ended the 1st of November following. The church being insured for \$5,000, its rebuilding was provided for. The building committee were instructed to proceed immediately to rebuild, which was accomplished April 24, 1854.

Mr. James D. Johnson, of New Jersey, (whose name has already frequently occurred in this sketch, and who taught school in Norfolk for a number of years), was on January 20, 1849, accredited a general agent of the Society to collect funds for the Mariners' Church and Sailors' Home. this capacity during the next eighteen months he scoured the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, from Portland to New Orleans, and by his indomitable and persevering zeal collected nearly \$11,000 for

the work of the Society.

Elected a manager in 1834, he at once took a most active part in the work of the Society. He was appointed and was generally chairman on most of the important committees, and was soon recognized as a leader; and eventually was, by common consent, acknowledged facile princeps in devotion to the cause of seamen and effective work in the Society. stature, slightly stooping, always dressed in black, with extreme neatness, and wearing a white cravat, kindly and courteous, a man of reverend mien, he was universally respected and esteem-When he removed to New York in 1850, the board passed most complimentary resolutions of thanks for his eminent services. and constituted him an emeritus member of their body, and when

ten years after (August 13, 186 his death was announced, a sern of most feeling resolutions of 1 spect for his memory were passs by the board, acknowledging the "to his zeal and untiring effor for nearly fourteen years this S ciety is indebted for its rise an progress and present prospects: usefulness."

On the 3rd of July, 1852, the board of managers agreed to sa the lot adjoining the Marines Church to the United States and part of the site for a new Custo House for \$3,500, probably regard ing its dimensions too small for Sailors' Home, and on Novemble 15, 1854, agreed to purchase t lot corner of Wide Water and Ma ison Streets on which the prese Bethel stands, for \$3,750.

On May 12, 1855, the Rev. S. Atmore, of the M. E. Churc was elected chaplain of the M! iners' Church for the next

months.

The next meeting of the bo: of managers was held August 1856, at which Mr. Bagnall, 1 treasurer, reported \$11,340.23 hand on account of the Sailo Home Fund, and \$731.53 contra uted by the Ladies' Seamen's L Society towards furnishing it wit built, making a total of \$12,071... At this meeting the death of president, Dr. Nathan C. Whi head, (July 21, 1856,) was a nounced, and resolutions wi passed by the board of manag: recording their sense of the gri loss which not only this Societ but the whole community had sustained in his death. He is: membered as a gentleman of fi appearance and urbane addre commanding honor and ester from all who knew him.

On December 8, 1857, Mr. John H. Rowland was unanimous cted president and Mr. G. F. derson, vice-president of the

ciety.

The Rev. Robert Gatewood, of Episcopal Church, was apnted chaplain of the Mariners' urch for one year on January , 1859. During his chaplaincy a urishing Bethel Sunday School s established, which was conued for some time afterward. A plan for a Sailors' Home, furshed by Messrs. Lynn and Murck, architects, was presented the committee May 11, 1859, t it appearing after very full instigation and discussion of the bject at several meetings of the ard that the building could not erected on the plan proposed \$10,000, the sum fixed upon the board, it was, on July 18, 59, returned to the architects as t suited to the means of the ciety, with a request that they rnish one that would be. Here e matter finally rested, as durg the coming year commenced e turmoil of the war. No further tion was taken, and since the turn of peace the commercial nditions of Norfolk, and indeed the whole country, as well as e character of shipping and ews, have so changed that the mand for a Sailors' Home in orfolk has not until quite rently been seriously felt. Inds of the Society raised for this rpose have been faithfully prerved with less diminution than ight have been expected during e war, and the income is used do the work of the Society, inading that for which a Home is tended in part, the care of wreckand destitute seamen; but the ed of a Home now begins to be riously felt, and it is to be hoped ay be supplied at no very disnt day, and also a Bethel more intrally located and commodious.

The Rev. Mr. Kaufman, of the M. E. Church, was appointed temporary chaplain of the Mariners'

Church, January 3, 1861.
On the 20th of May, 1862, the board of managers, upon the application of the chaplain of the First Delaware Regiment, granted the use of it as a chapel for the United States troops. It was afterward, under military occupation, used as barracks and left in ruins, which it has been found necessary to dispose of and have removed, and the lot has been sold. A claim on the United States Government for indemnification is awaiting adjustment, with about the usual prospect of success in such cases.

From 1862 to 1865 the operations of the Society were suspended through the exigencies of war.

The present chaplain was commissioned by the AMERICAN SEA-MEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY, August 1, 1865, and entered immediately on duty. The Mariners' Church being in ruins, and no place available in which to establish stated religious services for seamen, the work for a year assumed the character of a missionary itinerancy the distribution of papers, and tracts, and Bibles, and Testaments, and the offering of Christian counsel; and occasionally holding religious service on board United States naval vessels as opportunity offered.

In the summer of the following year (1866) the present Bethel building, donated by several benevolent gentlemen of Boston to the Chesapeake Army Hospital, near Hampton, for a chapel, was, with their consent, at the close of the war turned over to the AMER-ICAN SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY to be used as a Seamen's Bethel in Norfolk; and by the consent of the Norfolk Seamen's Friend Society (which has cordially recognized and co-operated with the present chaplain, and for several years assumed two-thirds of his support), removed here and recrected upon their lot on Wide Water Street, which it now oc-

cupies.

It was dedicated as a Seamen's Bethel on Sunday, October 14, 1866, with appropriate religious The house was filled services. with an audience who seemed deeply interested in the occasion and the cause of seamen. mercantile shipping in port, and that of the navy, was well represented—the latter by rear-admiral (now vice-admiral) Stephen C. Rowan, who accepted a special invitation to be present and hoist the Bethel flag for the first time over this house of worship with ceremonies suited to the occasion, and chaplain Charles A. Davis, on duty at the naval hospital, who offered the prayer of dedication, and other officers and seamen; and the ladies of several of their families. The United States army was represented by chaplain Vincent Palen, who made a brief and earnest address.

This is, therefore, the tenth year of the dedication of the present Bethel, and as may be remarked in passing, the twentieth year of the ordination to the ministry of the Bethel chaplain; the fiftieth, just passed, of the existence of this Society; the sixtieth, of the erection of this church in which the Society was organized, and the one hundreth of the Republic—a series of decades curious and interesting, if not in all respects very import-

ant.

A meeting of the board of managers was held March 3, 1869, when a reorganization to some extent was effected by the election of nine new managers to fill va-

cancies caused by death or remova The board then stood as follow president, John H. Rowland; vice president, Col. William Lambsecretary, Thomas D. Toy; treasurer, A. L. Seabury. Ezra T. Summers, Seth March, John White Charles S. Allmand, James (Pollard, William H. Broughton William T. Harrison, William I. Reynolds, Charles Reid, John Goode, Jr., William Callis, Robes W. Santos, Lewis Salusbury, Ben W. Gatch, Joseph C. Demins William H. Morris, E. C. Linusay, J. H. Dawson, G. K. Goomidge, R. H. Chamberlaine, E. Griffith.

Only three of these were members of the board at the last recorded meeting of the Society and election of managers on May 1848, viz.: Thomas D. Toy, Lew-Salusbury and Seth March.

Only the two former were mem bers of the board at the first mee: ing of the Society under its chall ter February 27, 1843, and one these, Lewis Salusbury, has bu recently passed away. We cannot but pay a passing tribute to the fidelity and zeal with which I aided in guarding the sacred tru: committed to this Society and premoting the cause for which it esists. One only of the original chast ter members of the board of man agers now survives, Mr. Thom: D. Toy, and it is cause for regre that he is not with us on this on casion. To him as secretary the Society for nearly a generation we are indebted for the accuraand careful minutes of the board from which most of this sketch compiled, and for their safe pri servation through all the viciss tudes of the past. I cannot i justice fail to make special men tion of one more (among the man worthy of it) of the former office:

this Society, whose memory also rits our lasting gratitude for g and faithful discharge of his cial duties, Mr. William D. gnall, who was elected a manr and treasurer of the board, huary 8, 1839, and continued in office until his death, March 1869—thirty years of the fifty the Society's existence. To his upulous care and financial abilare due the safe preservation i investment of the funds of Society through severe money es and other troublous times, well as the most accurate keepof its accounts in the simplest m in this unpretentious and venble book (showing the treasr's book) which has come down us from the first organization the Society. A few months er the death of Mr. Bagnall, board of managers were called lament the loss of the third sident of the Society, Mr. John Rowland, (who died on July 1869), and passed resolutions chingly expressive of the deepfeeling of sorrow for his loss. is remembered by all as the d and warm-hearted Christian itleman, and by no one with re pleasing recollections of his form courtesy and kindness in icate circumstances than the sent chaplain of the Society in first years of his service here, o would take occasion in passto express his grateful sense the kind consideration and reet with which he has been reded by the board of managers m the beginning of his official ations with them, and his high preciation of the recorded exssion of their confidence and eem which he has on several asions received. On the 16th August, 1869, Col. Wm. Lamb, b fourth and present president

of the Society, was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Rowland. The terms of office of the first three presidents were as follows: Mr. Soutter, ten years; Dr. Whitehead, fourteen years, and Mr. Rowland, fourteen

On Sunday evening, May 21, 1871, the forty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the Norfolk Seamen's Friend Society was celebrated with public exercises at the Cumberland Street M. E. Church, which large edifice was filled to its utmost capacity. The president, Col. William Lamb, presided. brief address on the past operations of the Society by the seamen's chaplain (still on duty here) was followed by an excellent discourse on "The Mission of Commerce," from Gen. vi., 14, 16, by the Rev. Harmon Loomis, D. D., corresponding secretary of the AMERICAN SEAMEN'S FRIEND SO-CIETY. Prayer was then offered by the Rev. Mr. Haynes of the M. E. Tabernacle, and a brief and earnest address delivered by the The anpresident of the Society. nual meeting of the Society for business was held on the next evening, May 22, in the lecture room of the Presbyterian Church, when the annual election of a board of managers took place. From that time onward regular annual meetings of the Society have been held upon the day fixed by the charter, the second Monday in May.

The present officers and board of managers of the Society are as follows: Col. William Lamb, president; William D. Reynolds, Joseph C. Deming, vice-presidents; Alfred L. Seabury, treasurer; Wm. H. Broughton, secretary; George W. Dey, assistant secretary; Thos. D. Toy, Lewis Salusbury, James

G. Pollard, Benjamin P. Loyall, S. N. Brickhouse, Dr. H. M. Nash, E. J. Griffith, Charles Reid, Capt. James Cornick, J. H. Dawson, William M. Millar, Luther Sheldon, W. S. Forrest, William T. Harrison, E. T. Summers, William H. Morris, R. F. Vaughan, Thomas W. Godwin, T. A. Williams, there being a change of six members since the last public anniversary of the Society in 1871.

In the spring of 1873 the Bethel was thoroughly repaired and improved at an expense to the Society of over \$1,000, and re opened with appropriate services April 6, 1873, in which several of the city pastors assisted the chaplain.

What has been really accomplished in promoting the object of the Society's organization and continued existence, the moral, spiritual and temporal welfare of the seamen during the first forty years of its history, we may infer from the record, but eternity alone can reveal it. Doubtless much for the salvation of souls and the

glory of God.

The work of the last ten years, during the present chaplaincy, we have time only to sum up briefly in the closing sentences of the chaplain's last annual report. seamen's Bethel erected and its services firmly established and regularly sustained, a full and flourishing Sabbath School organized and continued with increasing interest and with scarcely a Saboath interruption, a weekly visitation of all the shipping in port and distribution to all on board of seamen's papers, magazines and tracts, the supply of Bibles to vessels and of Testaments and Psalms to sailors unfurnished with them, all needed aid rendered to shipwrecked and destitute seamen, ministration to sick and disabled seamen in hospital, with evidences of the power of divine truth up the consciences and hearts many, and the fruits of savigrace in the case of some, the 6 largement of the field of labor; the commerce of the port higradually increased; such is a ge eral summary of the progress ar results of the chaplaincy in the port during the past decade of the Society's mission to seamen.

Mr. Crane continued his labor in Norfolk for about sixteen year and resigned on May 7, 1881. It received from the board of managers and others testimonials their approbation of his "difference, fidelity and efficiency. In 1884 Mr. Crane became charlain at the Navy Yard, New York The Rev. J. B. Merritt was appointed chaplain at Norfolk in the summer of 1881, and still remains at his post. Ed.

Shore Greetings.

Oh, happy landing! Happy is 11 earthly voyager, who, after a los and painful separation from bell ed relatives, hails them on shore, and in a few moments mo is locked in their embrace! Happ still the spiritual voyager, who, ter longer and sadder separation tailed by death, descries the tow of the new Jerusalem in sight lights gleaming in the harbor—-Sabbath-bells of glory ringing loved and lost ones lining the heat enly shore, waiting to conduct h hand in hand up the streets of celestial city. The long midnij of earth's tempestuous sea is over trials shall no longer be either; or feared. In a sinless, stormle sorrowless, tearless world, th shall "ever be with the Lord! Rev. James McDuff.

WORK AMONG SEAMEN.

CORRESPONDENCE, REPORTS, &c.

At Stations on the Foreign Field.

Sweden.

STOCKHOLM.

Ir. J. T. HEDSTROM writes on Janu-

have found many sailors who have n longing for salvation, and when I re spoken to them about the necessity accepting Christ as their Saviour they re received the word of God. During s quarter I have in two vessels found whole crew desire to be Christians, I from these sailors' lips I have heard e know it is much better to be chiln of God than it is to lead a life in, so may God save us."

In the 5th of October I went on board

English steamer where I found a young man who was a Catholic. He was at t time alone in the forecastle. I have en observed that if we get a sailor ly from his companions we can get at heart better. I spoke to this boy about eeming love and showed him the simity of the gospel. Then he told me the was a Catholic and a great sinner. old him that many of the worst have the grace of the loving Saviour been ned into jewels to be used in the royal wn. He took a New Testament and mised to read it, his eyes melted in

In the 8th of the same month I went board a Norwegian vessel and asked boatswain if he was bound to the et harbor of peace. He said that he s tired of serving the devil and wanted be a Christian. From that vessel I nt on board a German steamer where found the boatswain very ill in his th, and when I came to him he reved me gladly. He listened to me with emn attention and commenced to cry tod help me or I perish." God's bless-

; rested upon the sick man.

On the fourteenth of the same month I nt on board a bark and found the ole crew on deck. The men listened h interest, but none of them accepted in the third when I want the company of the same when I want the trips of the same months. rist at that time. When I went to the lley I found the steward there and ted him "how do you do?" With a ght face he replied "God be praised, I His child." Then he told me he had en at Stockholm and received from me a book-bag, for which he praised the

Every Friday evening during October and November we had a great festival when tea and cakes have been served out to every one. Some ladies sang sacred hymns. Pastors from different churches have preached Him "who of God is made unto us wisdom and righteousness and sanctification and redemption." The dew of heaven has fallen upon many hearts and weak spirits have been confirmed. More than fifty sailors have thanked God for what they have received on these evenings, and the great day will reveal to us the results from this work of love.

I have also paid a short visit to some islands, namely, Furusund, Kopmanholm and Blido. On the 27th of November I preached the gospel at Furusund. On the 28th of the same month we were gathered at the mission house of Kopmanholm at 11 o'clock a. m. and at 6 p. m. What a refreshing sight to see these seafaring men with their families around the table of grace like hungry children. On the 12th of December I paid a visit to Blido. After the sermon we had a blessed prayer meeting when four men stood up and confessed their sins and praised God for His saving grace. This made a very great impression on the unconverted sailors,

Christmas evening was celebrated in the mission room at the Sailors Home. Two beautiful Christmas trees were placed in the front of the room. After the gospel sermon the presents were distributed to all the sailors. After all this was over the sailors got a splendid supper, and all

of them enjoyed it very much.

From the Trinitarian Bible Society I have had the honor of receiving a great case of Testaments and portions of the Bible in different languages, and from a dear Irish brother, Mr. E. F. MUNSTER, of Belfast, I have got a great gift fof

books in many languages.

The following statistics show the work during the past year: Visits to vessels, 1,379; tracts distributed to seamen, 25, of the Bible, 15, Testaments, 215, portions of the Bible, 1,107; visits to families, hospitals and persons, 115; book-bags issued and placed on vessels, 237, the number of volumes in these bags was 6,191,

tracts and magazines, 7,619, Bibles, 75, Testaments, 193; these tracts and books have been distributed to sailors belonging to the following nations: English, German, Dutch, French, Spanish, Italian, Croatian, Greek, Austrian, Finnish, Russian, Norwegian, Danish and Swedish.

SUNDSVALL.

The Rev. E. Eriksson writes on Janu-

ary 1:

The large increase in marine business the past year has kept me busy and I have had more to do than ever before, but the work has been a blessed work. Though we have not had any great revival, many sailors have been converted and many more under the conviction of sin. Beside visiting the fifty ports of lading in the vicinity of Sundsvall I have also visited the fishing villages on the coast and preached the gospel to the fishermen and their families. Even here we have realized the blessings of God. The Holy Spirit has worked mightily upon the hearts of the unsaved, and cries for mercy have been heard at our aftermeetings.

During the past quarter I have preached 52 times, led in 45 prayer meetings; average attendance of seamen at religious services, 2, of others, 1; religious visits to hospitals, 4, on ships, 153, in boarding houses, 60; tracts, &c., distributed, 2,000.

GOTHENBORG.

Mr. Christian Nielsen writes on January 10:

The first anniversary of our seamen's Bethel was held on October 24, 1897, with a social entertainment for the seafaring men. Beside the Rev. Mr. Westall, of the Church of England, and the Rev. B. Bohlin, we had your beloved missionary at Copenhagen. All the friends here were very much pleased to see Mr. Wollesen, and some of them publicly rendered to him their thanks and to the American Seamen's Friend Society for the grand and glorious work done in Scandinavia through its agency.

As we are looking back upon the past

As we are looking back upon the past year our heart fills with gratitude for the blessings which we have received. We must say God has done great things for us. Many obstacles have been removed and the work has gone forward with great success. About fifteen thousand sailors have made use of the reading room. The

attendance at our meetings has increased so that we must think of securing a large place, and I hope that everything will be ready so that we can move into the new place in Japuary 1899.

place in January, 1899. We are especially thankful to God for the friends who are assisting us in our es forts; they have proved to be instruments in the hand of God to the salvation of lost sinners. In my last report was letter from a sailor converted at the open ing service at our Bethel through a sermon preached by the Rev. M. WISSER GREN. A few days ago a sailor from Sundayall testified that he was won for Christhrough the hymn "Thy will be done," which a lady sang at our anniversary. Also from the hospital comes the blesses report of reaping after sowing. Sailor who left the place long ago write to the nurses thanking them for the interest they have taken in their spiritual welfarm and for the words they had heard at the gospel meetings which we have held whe In November two mo they were there. sailors were discharged who have give evidence of having been thoroughly com verted. About a year and a half ago verted the same hospital a young girl who for six years had lived a wild and sinfa life. She expressed her desire to begin new life if any one gave her a chance. My dear wife gave her the chance and for a year and a half she worked fait fully and lived. Chyictian life. Nowell fully and lived a Christian life. Nowshis dying at the hospital, and yesterdshe said to me "take my thanks to Mr. Nielsen; tell her that I am not afraid die, the crucified Saviour is my Saviou It was her kindness that did it." V have the advantage at this hospital the the matron and the nurses are all Chris

Through the kindness of my friends: have been enabled to get a magic lanter: This has proved to be of much help our work, as it is not only that our socii meetings are more interesting, but whave also used the lantern at our gospi meetings where the life of Christ and ti Prodigal Son have been illustrated.

During the time of Christmas and Ne Year we had meetings every night. Christmas evening thirty-five sailors five different nationalities were invite by Mrs. Nielsen to a Christmas suppat our Bethel. After supper the gospa was preached and a book (Newman Hall "Come to Jesus") and a New Testame were given to each of the sailors. New has a crowd of seamen had a more bless Christmas evening, or expressed heartithanks,

Besides my work here I have given ention to the mission work along the st, and I wish through the Sailors' Gazine to render my most cordial laks to Mrs. Robertson, London, Mr. Inster, Belfast, and Mr. John Machilane, Stirling, Scotland, who have abled me to supply the missions at lmstad, Helsingborg, Malmo, Yotad, adskrona and Carlskrona with hunds of Testaments and many thousands practs.

Statistics for past quarter: Religious vices held in chapel, 26, on shipboard, in hospital, 20, elsewhere, 11; average endance of seamen at religious seres, 50; religious visits to hospitals, 30, ships and in boarding houses, 342; bles and Testaments distributed, 130,

cts, 1,000.

Statistics for the year 1897: Religious vices in chapel, 76, in hospitals, 73, a shipboard, 45, elsewhere, 56; visits to spitals, 100, to ships, families and arding houses, 1,221; Bibles and Testants distributed, 325, tracts, 13,000; clors signed the temperance piedge, 63, ristian Endeavor pledge, 27; sought r assistance in spiritual need, 34; resets for prayers, 171; poor sailors help-52; visitors to Seamen's Bethel, 5,293, luding revisitors, 13,602.

Denmark.

COPENHAGEN.

The Rev. A. Wollesen writes on Janry 1:

Our work on shipboard, in boarding uses and elsewhere has secured so large attendance that every seat in our Bethship has been occupied. On October and 25, 1897, I worked in connection th Mr. Christian Nielsen, of Gothenrg, and found brother and sister N. poring for the single end of bringing mers to Christ. Their Bethel was nice d attractive, with a large turn out of ilors of various nations and colors, and staff of co-workers of whom several ok a part in the services. Evidently at mission will prosper, for the mission-y's as well as his dear wife's zeal are ad and known by many, and especially those to whom they are complicated. those to whom they are commissioned. On Sabbath, November 7, 1897, we celrated the eighteenth anniversary in nnection with my friends and co-works in the Bethel ship. Two hundred d fifty sailors and about fifty ladies related to seamen gave prayerful attendance. The Rev. Mr. Prior and I preached and gave some details of the evangelizing efforts made. A holy atmosphere, never to be forgotten, prevailed, and wounded spirits were lead to the healing stream.

Tokens of love for the mariners and appreciation of our work are annually received from the beloved Queen of Denmark. On December 28, 1897, two hundred and fifty Scandinavian sailors, including Prince Waldemar, captain in the navy, were gathered around a beautiful Christmas tree, the gift of the Queen. On December 29, fifty-two, and on January 3, forty English sailors received tokens of love and their appreciation was plainly manifested. Our gratitude to our many friends in the dear, dear land of our spiritual birth, to those who patronize the American Seamen's Friend Society, and to the gentlemen of said Society for confidence and affection during my long connection with it.

Religious services held in chapel, 42, on shipboard, 11, in hospital, 7, elsewhere, 3; average attendance of seamen at religious services 100, of others, 50; religious visits made to hospitals and prisons, 24, on ships, 361, in boarding houses and families, 359; Bibles and Testaments distributed, 324, tracts, 8,000.

Germany.

HAMBURG.

Mr. H. M. SHARPE writes on January 15:

English and American ladies provided a good tea both on December 27 and January 3 at which 39 seamen and 37 residents sat down. On the first festive day a concert followed, there being 167 officers and men present and 102 residents; at the New Year tea 122 seamen and 25 residents were present, and at the concert which followed 189 officers and men and 39 residents. There were 200 useful presents given away and the poor seamen in hospital were not forgotten. Mr. Chaplin presided on both occasions. We had with us H B. M. consul-general Ward and Mrs. Ward, the American consul, Dr. PITCAIRN, and Mrs. PITCAIRN, and all the members of the committee.

I am glad to inform you that the British consulate is now in the same building as the Institute, and that from the 1st of January all captains have to pay off and sign their own crews. The shipping masters are a thing of the past. We have also a Board of Trade official here and through him hundreds of pounds have been sent home by sailors which would have found their way into the pockets of the crimps and boarding masters. The consulate being in the same building will increase the usefulness of the Institute. I have received a number of cheering letters from seamen who have found the Institute a great benefit to them temporally and spiritually.

and spiritually.

Number of American ships in port since last statement, 1, British, 974; religious services in chapel, 13; average attendance of seamen at religious services, 30, of others, 5; religious visits to hospitals, 14, on ships, 404, in boarding houses, 30; Bibles distributed, 3, tracts,

932.

Statistics for the year 1897: General attendance, 13,169; visitors, 779; services held, 1,744; tracts, 21,332 pages; letters written, 1,503, received, 961; visits to lodging houses, 98, to shipping offices, 95, to hospital, 94, to sick seamen, 333, to British and American consulates, 108, Sunday teas, 808; pledges, 48; tracts distributed, 2,929 bundles of reading, 656; ships visited, 1,676.

Belgium.

ANTWERP.

The Rev. J. Adams writes on January

The year 1897 has been a year of activity and progress. Very encouraging have been the frequent words of appreciation from men who have visited us; while some have even said that so far as their experience goes our Institute is second to none. All along our aim has been to create an atmosphere of brightness and brotherliness, and that we have in some measure succeeded is shown by the fact of the recurring visits of the same men as often as they are in port. The following extract from a letter is good testimony as to the homeiness of our Institute. The writer says: "A year ago this month we entered Antwerp docks, looking forward to anything but a pleasant stay in a port foreign to us. I can assure you whatever home port we visit from here. whether English or continental, we cannot be made more at home than you made us feel, nor can we enjoy our stay in port more than what we did in Antwerp.'

Of all branches of our work the regious comes first, and here we thank Gand take courage, for our labor has rebeen in vain. We never had better tendances at our services, nor more a preciative congregations, and in our midthe gospel of Christ has proved to be state "power of God unto salvation." Bloof this let others speak. A young mr who attended our services for some time writing to me on December 18, 1897, tell me has given up his late position writs prospects to engage exclusively Christian work, says, "When the ligg of salvation came for the first time immy soul as you were preaching the gosp of Christ, I felt so happy. That happness I could not and cannot keep to meelf. I want others to possess it and jowith me in prayer and to magnify the Lord for His goodness." Another you man referring to the Institute writes October 23, 1897: "I often think of pleasant time we spent there, especial the hours of service. They were veleneficial to us and A — and I oftalk about them. In fact all the voyer we have been with you in spirit on Sudays and Wednesdays and Fridays."

days and Wednesdays and Fridays."
The attendance at our reading row has been very good. During the summounter there were 2,556 visits, and 1 the last quarter of the year the total w4,082. There is an excellent supply papers and periodicals which are extensively read. There has been an incresin the number and variety of games provided. A new billiard room has been extended which is now in use. We have by these means that the Institute will

more attractive than before.

Our Christmas gathering was the lanest we have ever had; 168 men sat do to tea, 220 presents were given awwhile the total attendance at the afl

gathering was 282.

Number of American ships in posince last statement, 8, all others, 1,45 religious services held in chapel, 12 attendance of seamen at religious services, 902, of others, 1,293; religious visits hospitals, 17, on ships, 1,679, in boardil houses, 23; tracts distributed, 11,678.

India.

KARACHI.

The Rev. W. H. DowLING writes December 15, 1897:

We have been standing on the bords

Beulah land. On October 20 the dear rd was with us and helped me in speakto eighty or ninety seamen. On Nomber 4 some friends gave a "Service long" in the Rest which was apprecidly all. I feel the need of a good gic lantern, which would help to entain our seamen. This has been ag-felt want, and I should be glad to our of anyone who has one to sell cheap would like to make it a present to such

Number of ships in port since last tement, 30; religious services held in apel, 24, on shipboard, 1, in hospital, elsewhere, 20; average attendance of temen at religious services, 12, of others, religious visits to hospitals, 12, on ps, 60; Bibles and Testaments distributed, 40, tracts, &c., 1,500.

Japan.

YOKOHAMA.

The following two letters were written Mr. Austen:

"I wish so to be with you to-night

and talk with the sailors. Tell them all from me that whatever they do and don't do they must prepare to meet their God and Saviour. I thank you so much for your kindness towards me. I shall never regret the step I took and shall always hold fast; that you may rely upon."

"First of all when I think of all the

grace that our heavenly Father shows us. I can do nothing but rejoice, because when we were yet far away He loved us and took us as we were. It may be that not all the redeemed can see it as such a slave to sin as I; but I know He is mine; is that not enough to make a man glad? When a man is in a ship and hears and sees nothing else than evil, I get tired. What a comfort to know that Jesus was put to grief for us and that there is always an open gate so that we can fly to Him with all our sorrows. I was very glad that Sunday night when you spoke of the never dying soul. Now I will just tell how I came to Christ. One dark night I stood on my lookout, and began to think of my home, my old parents; and then and there the Lord spoke, and before I knew anything I had yielded myself to Christ. Oh happy day when Jesus washed my sins away.

At Ports in the United States.

Massachusetts.

GLOUCESTER.

The Rev. E. C. CHARLTON writes on

nuary 1:
"The year 1897 is past and gone, but its cord will long remain. The most impressed in the control of the whole-le fresh fish market in Gloucester, the reat fishing port of this western contient. The benefit to the fishermen as a hole is already apparent. The men with milies now have the sweet privilege of heir homes more frequently than formily, an advantage alike to the men and heir families, more home-life. The high-price of fish has added a little to their some and their home comforts.

At the Institute no effort has been pared to make the hundreds of single ien and strangers as happy as possible hile they are with us. Increased audiences in the religious and social services ave been noted with pleasure. The regious interest in the service is greater an ever before in the Institute's history.

A large number of men have bowed at the altar and confessed Jesus Christ their Lord. At the watch-night service at the midnight hour full two score men in their prime consecrated their lives to Christ, and at almost every service recently there have been some requests for prayer.

A Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip, consisting of about a dozen young men, has been formed for active Christian work

Christmas was appropriately observed, the chapel was beautifully decorated with evergreen and bunting by Fred. Bate-Man and members of the Social Union. On Christmas eve the chapel was overcrowded and many were necessarily turned away. An excellent entertainment was given by Miss Patch, reader, and Mrs. Warren Bennett, soloist, after which all present were served with coffee, cake, confectionery and fruit. Two hundred comfort bags and a number of knit articles, including hoods, mittens, stockings and sweaters, were distributed among the men. Many strangers were greatly surprised by their presents. Some shed

tears of joy, and many were the expressions of gratitude for such a happy Christmas eve. The treat was largely paid for by Mis J. G. Watson, of Orange, N. J., and music by Miss MARY SARGENT, of Brynmar, Penn., who was born on the site where the Institute now stands. She is ninety-two years of age and greatly in-terested in the work of the Gloucester Fishermen's Institute. A well attended Christmas service was held on Christmas day, and another in the evening. New Year was observed with a watch-

night service. This was pronounced the most impressive service ever held in this

Some excellent entertainments have been given during the month, especially the Welcome Home entertainment to the Fresh Fishermen by Mr. FRED TIBBETTS and W. Augustus Nichols, reader, the REYNOLDS Brothers, and Prof. GEORGE B.

STEVENS.

We have now fifty five loan libraries containing twenty-two hundred volumes for use on board of fishing vessels on their voyages. The refining presence, the good cheer and helpfulness from their scholarly, devout historians, scientists, fictionists, philosophers and preachers, who can estimate? The writer remembers, even now, with pleasure the com-fort and inspiration he derived from a loan library twenty five years ago on a

China voyage.

The quantity of literature distributed to outward bound fishermen is almost incredible. For one week in December every package given away was weighed, and it amounted to upward of eight hundred pounds. This was by no means an unusual quantity. These packages contain religious and secular papers, and kan waters. During the present month we gather in and refit all the libraries that have been in service, ready for the spring fleet.

The chaplain reports progress in his efforts for the mission vessel and hopes soon to be ready to buy a suitable schoon-

Also on February 4:

It gives me pleasure to report that the month of January has been marked by a blessed work of grace. Between sixty and seventy seamen have publicly consecrated themselves to Jesus Christ at o

atlar during the past month.

The month of February has had a copening with us. On the first day of month our coast was literally strewn www.reckage. About twenty vessels wo cast ashore during that night, many them totally wrecked. We know not them totally wrecked. how many, nor how many lives log Yesterday I attended the funeral of for unknown sailors washed ashore on c Certainly two, probably that coasters were smashed to pieces and hands lost right in our outer harbo which is recognized as one of the saf. on the coast. We cared for the crew the wrecked coaster Geo. W. Jewett as sent them to their homes. Next Sund we hold memorial services for the eigh three fishermen lost from this port during the past year.

In port since last statement, a num of coasters; religious services held chapel, 28, in churches out of town, average attendance of seamen at religion services, 23, of others, 18; religious visa on ships, &c., 130, in boarding house 80; Bibles and Testaments distributed probably 200, and a large quantity probably 200, and a large quantity

tracts.

Testimonies:

"I have not been in the habit of spear ing in meeting. I am ashamed to co fess that I have made light of it. For long time I have realized that it was tid for me to break off from my sin, but had got so hardened and discourage with al that I well nigh despaired. on Christmas morn, in this very spot! bowed at Jesus' feet, and I thank God I heard even my prayer and that I am po mitted with the new year to begin a no life of hope. I know not what lies I fore me, but I know that I can and I w trust God for His love and care."

"I have been most all over the work As I review my life I am sad to this that wherever I have been, now that I a old, I can look back only on a life of si I have sinned everywhere. I have sinned every way. Sin has broken me down at brought me where I am. I am sick of si If you think God can have mercy on su a wretch as I am I will seek Him, as here and now sin and I shall part."

"When I first came to your church didn't like it all. I thought it coulds be Christian at all, but soon I begun feel so strange. I felt that I was the be and not the church. When you prayed said 'Oh God must hear that praye and soon I felt better in my heart. I ha en away my pipe and tobaceo; I have en up everything bad. I would like be one of your brothers, if you will be me. I will never shame you."

I thank God that I have lived to see as day and to hear this Scripture lesson. I seems as though I had never heard any trds like it before, and yet I have read at psalm many a time, but to night it ms almost as though God was talking me out of that blessed word."

A day in God's court is better than a usand years of sin. To me this hour this chapel is worth more than all my mer life. Oh when I think of how dlish I have been during all these years live in sin and shame, when a thousded church bells in many lands have led me to praise, prayer and holy lively. I am devoutly thankful to God for ring me and giving me this day. Now the first time in my life I feel ready

live or die as God will, knowing that

tether living or dying I am the Lord's."

New York.

SAILORS' HOME.

am happy to state that God is blessing labors. At the close of one of our etings a sailor and a boarder in the me confessed Christ openly and left port rejoicing in the Lord. Some of crew of the steamship Dago, lost at a schnowledged that they received a ssing. The Rev. Samuel Boult, of Mariners' Church, spoke very pointly to them of the goodness of God in ring their lives to meet in the house of dagain. At the suggestion of Mr. Exander we are trying to establish a ble class. Friday night is chosen for the purpose, and we will give a hearty leome to any who will join with us. search the Scriptures, for they are they ich testify of Me."

TE CATHARINE MISSION, 24 CATHARINE SLIP.

dore than once the readers of the Magne have been introduced to the work this mission, under the care of Miss M. Delany, her sister, Dr. Delany, and Mr. McLardy. Besides the Helping and for Mothers, the Sewing Class for ildren, the Day Nursery and Kinderten, the Dispensary for Women and

Children, the Free Reading Room for Men, the Bible Class and Sunday School, there is a gospel meeting every evening. As 24 Catharine Slip is near the East River shipping and the haunts of sailors, many officers and seamen attend the evangelistic meetings, and numerous conversions occur among the scafaring men, who are often invited to the hospitable table of these remarkable women, and enjoy the only social life they see in New York, Apprentice boys on British ships come to regard them with reverence and affection, and their mothers often write to them with tearful gratitude for their agency in the bringing of their sons to Christ. The sailors themselves write to these ladies from all parts of the world. It is a pleasure to share with our readers very brief extracts from a few of these letters, which overflow with thankfulness and beg for prompt replies. ED.

The chief officer of a bark writes:

"As we are tiding to sea to-day I write a few lines to let you know how God in His goodness has blessed me; my crew is all saved but three. What a friend I have in Jesus this morning. He has promised to go all the way with me and His promise is so sure. I do love Him this morning; He is my all. God bless the Catharine Slip Mission and all the workers that work there for Jesus."

An apprentice on the same vessel writes:

"We got our crew on board this morning and there is one who was a Christian, but in going to sea he tried to stand in his own strength and fell. Remember me in your prayers."

A chief officer writes:

"I can't live altogether without writing to you. I can't find words to thank you at all for all you have done for us since we met. I think the boys are in about the same fix. When I look back to my past I can see God's hand in many things that have happened to me, even though the overlookers refused to let mehome, which I am glad of now. I have been made to become one of God's bairns. Satan comes along in some queer shapes to me aboard here, but when I look away from my own weak strength and just lean on Him I am able to come off more than conqueror. What an almighty friend

Jesus is and how near He is to all who simply trust Him! May God enable me to live humbly and fearfully lest I lose hold on Him. All through the time I was a backslider and a scorner of the truth, I had always a hankering after a better life, and have at times read my Bible for weeks regularly. Once I began at Genesis and got on as far as Judges when I came to a full stop and got up some sensational novel and the pipe in its stead. Last Sunday's sermon is still with me, and as my body is a temple of God's, the Book tells me, so I mean to keep it, with His help and guidance, pure, and not to defile it even with tobacco. I have tried to discontinue smoking for a while at a time before, but still the old craving always came back again, worse than ever; but, thank God, He has taken the craving for tobacco and loose pleasure away, and has instead filled me with a craving to be more like Jesus, whose I am. Oh it is glorious to know that we have Jesus with us here as well as on shore, that we have the Holy Spirit to lead us on and to guide us into all truth. If I ever do hit New York again, as soon as I get ashore I shall make a straight dive for the Catharine Mission, where I have left the big half of my heart. The second mate wishes to be remembered kindly to you all. I hope he will be led this next passage to give his heart to Jesus. He is very grateful for all your kindness to him. Please pray that I may be com-pletely emptied of self, that I may be a vessel meet for the Master's service and that everything I do, or think, or say, may be for my Master's glory and the ad-vancement of His kingdon aboard this ship."

The second officer of a ship writes:

"I intend to get M., R. and M. in my watch this passage, if I possibly can, so that we can talk things over sometimes at night in fine weather. We leave here to-morrow morning if the wind is fair, and I only hope it is, as I cannot bear to be laying so close to New York and cannot get on shore and see my friends. I am only too proud to be called one of your boys. Sometimes, perhaps in years to come, I may walk into the Catharine Mission, but I would not mind if it were to-night, and I tell you I feel kind of miserable leaving New York and you and all your friends that have been so kind to us."

The second officer of a vessel writes:

"I promised to tell you before I left whether I was going to be a downright

Christian. Miss Delany was talking over to me again on Thursday night and I promised her I would try, and mean to keep my word and try to be better boy in future. I could not away without thanking you and your ster for your kindness to us and the plea ant evenings we have spent with you."

The grandson of a Canon in an Englil Cathedral writes:

"I want to thank you all for having iven me such a very happy time sin we have been in South Street. God sayou into my life just at the time when most needed some one to guide me. have been watching those three saild who came aboard to-day half intoxicals and cursing about the deck ever sin they came aboard. I guess I will drow myself before I will get like them, really hope that we come back to No York instead of going home. I feel overy down hearted this evening. I conver thank Miss Delany, Mr. McLarmand yourself enough for having led into the true path of life."

An apprentice writes:

"I was very pleased with the book, as the bag, and shall keep them with one two other things as precious mementos the kindness and the blessings I receiv from both yourself and the doctor. from both yourself and the doctor, read part of 'Beside the Bonnie Brt Bush' and enjoyed the lad of many par He was a noble character; do you reme ber how he brought CHALMERS to the tr light by the words 'Because I have mother'? Oh, Miss Delany, I have a moter too, and I know it will be the happi day of her life when she hears of my co version. It is her birthday to day, and gave the letter in which I told her all W. to post on the 2nd of January, 18 when he arrived in England. I pray God to give Mr. Kinner a special ble ing for speaking to me on Sunday evering, December 19, 1897. It is a red I ter day in my life. Do you know what thought of New Year's eve? I saw ! rain come down and heard the wind; as then the snow came and I thought tl God had sent the rain to wash away wickedness and then the wind to bl away the sin and afterwards the snow make everything pure and white, and thought that's what He did for me at He will do it for every one, rich or poor with second or third class tickets, as M KINNEY puts it."

An apprentice boy writes:

"It gives me great pleasure to write

lines to thank you for the happiness have given me since I first saw you December 1. A great change has be over me since that day; before I been on the downward path of youth pite of all my parents' advice. I met old school chum in Now York; I had seen him for five years before that, so showed me around the city, seeing n good and bad places, but mostly the er. Though not being a hard drinker iself he wanted me to start, but no; I used to drink at all, so he got angry got me into trouble at home. So I ae to the mission and you received me I od receives all sinners, and rejoiced."

sailor writes from Germany:

The peace of God that passeth unthe beace of God that passeth the standing be with you now and force. Amen, I have received your letdear sister, and I thank you very the for your kindness to me. I have I the chapters you told me of and y have been a blessing to me. There is much gambling now in this Christitine; all will make money money. time; all will make money; money heir God. The other day one mernt said to me that I must gamble on le of his goods; but I told him it was He could not see it was sin, but a this message came to my mind. Hews viii: 10. Oh how faithful Christ o us and how near He is to us in time trouble; He is precious to me this ning because He has saved me from horrible pit, and when I look back think how merciful He has been to since He saved me in New York in Catharine Mission now nearly three rs ago, then I cannot praise Him ugh for all He has done for one so worthy as I. Soon He will come, and n we shall see Him as He is. What a rious day that will be! Will you please 1 Ephesians ii; 12, 13, 14? I fancy t is so beautiful."

in apprentice boy writes:

"I have not words enough to thank for your kindness to me in bringing from a miserable, wretched, sinful . My parents will be so happy to ow I have turned a Christian."

THE NAVY YARD.

Mr. J. M. Wood writes on January 31: Since my conversion I have had a rning desire to visit my boyhood home Iowa, and preach the gospel to my schoolmates and others. This oppority was afforded me last month, and

for ten days I had the great privilege of standing before them and telling the old, old story of Jesus and His love. I found the old homestead in the hands of strangers; the corroding tooth of time had eaten away its very vitals, and it was fast tottering to decay. They told me it was to be razed to the ground in a few weeks. I went into the old sitting room, where on a lounge in the corner I kissed mother good night for the last time in this world one winter's night thirty years ago, then up the creaking stairs into her bed-room where she died. I pictured again the death scene. Father with bowed head at the bedside; myself and younger brother at the foot, and all of us crying like children; the physician counting the pulse beats; and then the heart-breaking message "It's all over." Oh, how it all came back to me standing there! And then into my little room, where, as a boy, night after night, at mother's knee, I knelt in evening prayer.

"And somehow with that little prayer, And a dear voice ringing in my ears, My thoughts went back to distant years, And lingers with a dear one there.

And as I hear the child's Amen, My mother's face comes back to me, Couched at her side I seem to be, And mother holds my hands again."

Every inch of the time-worn walls and floors were fraught with tender memories of the long ago, but I had not the heart to go further; down the stairs again where she was carried out, and there I resolved, God helping me, that some glad day I would take mother's arm again; when the white hair had turned to locks of burnished gold, and the wrinkles had been supplanted by the bloom and beauty of eternal youth, I would walk with her on the streets of the beautiful city in that blest land where "the lips never murmur farewell." I stood upon the sidewalk with my eyes wet with tears and glanced back lovingly at the old home, and bade it goodbye forever. The Master's promise was never sweeter: "In my Father's house are many mansions. If it were not so I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you, and if I go and pre-pare a place for you I will come again, and receive you unto myself, that where I am there ye may be also." And as the old home faded out of my sight, I went singing through the snow:

"There's a city that looks o'er the valley of death,

And its glories can never be told; There the sun never sets, and the leaves never fade.

In that beautiful city of gold."

I was indeed glad to get back to my work in the Navy Yard, for it is the dearest spot in all the world to me. Here I have seen scores of men-o'-war's men swept into the kingdom of God, and here, if God wills, I want to spend my latest breath in telling of the majesty, beauty, power and love of Jesus my Saviour. During my absence the services at Library Hall were annulated by the checking ry Hall were conducted by the chaplains of the North Atlantic squadron, viz.: chaplains McALISTER of the Brooklyn, Hoes of the Iowa, Royce of the New York, Isaacs of the Massachusetts, and Jones of the Texas, and I desire in these columns to tender each one of them my heartfelt thanks for their great kindness.

This month I have received ninety-one comfort bags from New York City, Litch-field and Wallingford, Conn., all of which have been judiciously distributed. During the year 1897 I have received just one thousand of these bags from all parts of the country and they are scattered on our ships of war on all the seas of earth, silent messer gers for Christ. Nearly all of these bags contained a tender Christian letter in the same spirit as the following received from South Boston:

'My dear brother: I send you cordial greetings from the branch of the White Ribbon Army located here, who contribute these little articles for your use. love the ocean very much and have sailed upon it in tempests and calms. My husband is a sea captain and my father was a sailor. I lived very close to a navy yard in my childhood and these things endear all the sailors to me, whether in the navy or in the great merchant marine. From my window I can see your beautiful white war ships in Boston harbor. What wonders they are! They are like our lives, calm and quiet in the still sunshine, apparently unmovable, but quickly tossed about when temptation and adversity overtake. Then will the ship show of what material she is made, if she withstands the gale. So will we show cur character and stability if we overcome the billows of temptation which are all around us. May our Heavenly Father help each one of us on sea and land to serve Him faithfully."

Personal touch with the men is, I find, the only road to their hearts, and I have learned from experience that a kindly letter written in a Christian spirit is always gladly received by sailors, and is

productive of good.

"I am greatly pleased to hear of your improving health, and I want to thank you for your kindness to me, particularly

for the new thoughts and new desires y inspired. It may please you to know to you have been a very potent factor; bringing me to a realization of my limits of the state of th and a desire to change. Remember in your prayers."

"I have been sent to a splendid sh! the best in all the fleet perhaps, but wickedness here is something awful, a I have often been moved to tears wh listening to the blasphemy all around 1 I try to set an example and say wha can for my Saviour, but it is hard lin when I tell you I do not know of another professing Christian in the ship's copany beside myself. I am not tempted wander away from God in any way, but do so earnestly wish that more could shown the way, and I pray very often the more could shown the way, and I pray very often the more could shown the way, and I pray very often the more could shown the way. this end."

"How glad I am that I was brought see my great folly in disobeying God : refusing His offers of mercy and love. am lost in wonder at the great change tween the old life and the new. On beautiful Sabbath morning my hear filled with love to my Saviour, and I 1

Him more than ever before."

"My hope is built on nothing less the Jesus and His righteousness, and His cious blood cleanseth me from all Surely God's mercy is from everlastin everlasting. How many times I gr Him, yet He loves me still. Yes, He lo me with an everlasting love and I grateful I am for His long suffering loving kindness to me the chief of

Wherever I go through the land I m with Christian mothers who have son the navy, and they tell me what go benefit these services have been to the hoys. I met one of these mothers our Iowa, and at the close of the meeting evening she came to me with misty

and asked me to look after her boy, ing me his name and ship, and this I orly be too glad to do, praying that may be led to accept mother's God as: In my western trip I met sev conver ed railroad men; one of there fireman who attended the meeting: which I spoke, told me he was praying me one night in the cab of the eng one hundred and twenty miles away the hour when the services commen Another uniformed official at the del as I left for New York, grasped me wat ly by the hand and said "Good-bye may Gcd bless you and your work in navy. I shall pray for you often." U invitation of chaplain Jones of the Tec

Mrs. Wood sung at a recent Sabbath a

ice on that ship, and the Rev. J. M. RAR, D.D., of Brooklyn, preached a tical sermon to a large and highly in-

ted audience.

uring the month I was invited to k in the Roseville Avenue Presbyte-Church, Newark, N. J., and God sed our song and speech in the conion of precious souls. We have been ted to return, which we shall do soon. 'e were very glad to welcome our dear id, Captain Dollar, of the Sailors' ie, New York, at one of our meetings , of which he took charge, and his was blessed of God to the spiritual are of those who heard him. All the s have left the Yard, and the recruitrendezvous on the Receiving-ship nont is closed, and but very few men the dock, and as a consequence our ences are quite small, and will be for weeks to come. We have instituted ies of Bible readings at the night ser-; and the men are greatly pleased eat; persons who have never been ant at our meetings attend regularly, the Holy Spirit is working on the ts of our little congregations as never re. In these readings I take a seat ng the men, and with our Bibles in I we read together the chapter selectand the men are encouraged to ask tions as the talk progresses. Mrs. op presides at the organ and now and sings a gospel hymn or verse ap-tible to the subject in hand, or testiies adduced. At the close an invitato come to Christ is always extended many have turned from sin to right-

Florida.

PENSACOLA.

r. Henry C. Cushman writes on Jan-71:

ur work among seamen during the year has been constant, direct, and ful. Both seamen and citizens have a directed to the "Lamb of God that the away the sins of the world." Some have been thoughtless and indifferhave said with David "I will take to my ways." Intemperance is still sailor's curse. The persons who sell frothy slop called beer are insidious and will strand many a human bark. re is another thing we dislike to see, that is, a sailor turning tramp. The or tramp is something like the genuine

tramp, always looking for a ship he does not want. We have received from Mr. E. F. MUNSTER, of Belfast, Ireland, several packages of tracts in many languages to help some eleven nationalities. Mr. P. P. Wahlstad, of Lorin, Cal., has sent us regularly a bundle of the Gode Nyheder (Good News), which is appreciated by our Scandinavian friends, and we have been gratified to receive applications for Spanish and Italian Testaments.

tions for Spanish and Italian Testaments. Number of American ships in port since last statement, 5, British, 21, all others, 72; religious services in Bethel, 26, elsewhere, 13; average attendance of seamen at religious services, 14, of others, 9; religious visits to hospital, 26, on ships, 167, in boarding-houses, 46; Bibles and Testaments distributed, 77, religious papers, 627, tracts, 1,087; temperance

pledges, 1.

Georgia.

SAVANNAH.

Mr. H. IVERSON writes on January 14: Number of American ships in port since last statement, 174, all others, 137; religious services held, 38; average attendance of seamen, 46; visits made to vessels for religious purposes, 205, hospitals, 11; temperance meetings held, 11. A great deal of tracts, Testaments and other reading matter has been distributed to

the vessels and in hospitals.

We have much to be thankful for the blessings that God has bestowed upon us in the past year. By His blessings we have been able to move into our new building; we moved in last November, though the building was far from completed. This was a great inconvenience to our work, though I was willing to put up with that to get away from the barroom which was put up under our old stand. Our chapel was ready for Christmas, and the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Port Society gave a very large festival, and the attendance was two hundred and twenty-five searce. twenty-five seamen. The Rev. Mr. Jor-Dan, of the First Presbyterian Church, conducted the service. We also had a few presents sent by Mrs. Habersham Clay, which were given to the seamen, and which added a great deal to the enjoyment of the men. I am in hopes that by next Christmas we will have enough presents to distribute among all the men, because all the ladies have promised to take that matter in hand. I also hope by the grace of God that the Port Society

will be able to do a great deal of good to the men of the sea in this new year in which we have just entered.

[The Rev. R. Webb writes "the new building is a beautiful edifice, an ornament to the city, for which brother IVERson and the Port Society deserve much credit." ED.]

Oregon.

ASTORIA.

The Rev. Johnston McCormac writes on January 3:

I am ashamed of my report for this quarter. The terrible storms which we have had this winter account for the matter to a great extent, These storms have been so severe as to drive five of our large ships upon the sands. During these storms it was almost impossible to go to ships in small boats. And besides this I have been laid up for nearly a whole month with a severe attack of the grip. I am well again, thank God, and yesterday I held service on board the Drumburton. We had a dozen sai ors present in the forecastle, a congregation which for seriousness and devotion could hardly be surpassed, and God was with us. Our railroad is near completion, and would very likely have been finished by this time, but for the heavy rain storms and the consequent land slides which have considerably impeded track-laying.

Number of American ships in port since last statement, 10, all others, 50; religious services held on shipboard, 7, elsewhere, 2; average attendance of seamen at religious services, 12, of others, 7; religious visits on ships, 30, in boarding-houses, 16; Bibles and Testaments distributed, 1, tracts, 5,553, packages of reading matter to outgoing ships, 3.

Washington.

SEATTLE.

The Rev. Thos. Rees writes on January 15:

Taking the work on the whole it is remarkable how many sailors get to our meetings, especially when we remember how far some of them have to come; often a mile or more; and one night this week

of a congregation of perhaps one hunde there were twelve seamen, three of while gave their hearts to God, and two oth rose and asked us to pray for them. we had a place and called it a Seamo Bethel, as far as the work is concern we should do about the same as we doing. Rent and light have to be plant for, and this comes entirely from colitions; the churches have not paid a clar to the work this year, but the deavor Societies meet with us once week in turns, the pastors are all in supathy with the work and often coldown with their young people and prefor us. The local board is hard to together, but consists of noble Christmen, but tied down to their busin Bethel, as far as the work is concerns men, but tied down to their busing They are in sympathy with the wo among seamen, and always treat me v the utmost cordiality.

the utmost cordiality.

Report for year ending December: 1897: Number of visits to ships, 4800 boarding-houses, 114, to hospitals, 57 Port Blakely, 17; services held in Bett 531, on board ship, 4, at Port Blakely; 17; sermons preached, 272; letters weten, 144; tracts distributed, 1,022, papp 3,815; ships visited, 176, at 15 to a cold seamen would give of seamen, 2,6 rose for prayers, 193; professed contisions, 74; conversions among seamen, backsliders reclaimed, 4.

backsliders reclaimed, 4.

PORT TOWNSEND.

Mr. C. L. Terry writes on January

Eleven since last report have profe a change of heart. As a rule all of converts are seamen, but among this no ber were three farmers who attended meetings during a session of court which they were witnesses in a mustrial. The murdered man's brother

among the converts.

We have had some blessed services we have had some blessed services ships in the harbor. Last Lord's while holding service on a British seduring the singing the old captain v tears running down his cheeks got up went out. After service he said "I conot stay; it brought back to me my hlife." The old man then unburdened heavy and told of a sory tried that heart and told of a sore trial that come to his home recently, and asked to pray for him. Will the readers of remember this case when before our F er in prayer.

I enclose some letters received by from the dear boys of the sea which will kindly return to me. The tru spoken of by our brother on the U. S gon were from a fine lot sent us by Munster, in Belfast, Ireland.

hristmas evening was spent pleasantly. had an entertainment with refresh-ats through the kindness of the surn of the U.S. Marine Hospital. The men there were allowed to attend and re in the merriment with their more tunate mates. The decorations were best in the city. The seamen themves took this in hand and it was done nip-shape." New Year's night a deleion from the Bethel attended watchht service at the M. E. Church and. he bells were ringing out the old and he new, five of our seamen knelt with ers at the altar and asked that the old might be blotted out and the new come and we took up the refrain "Ring bells of heaven, there is joy to-day.' 'I thank God for the mission in Port wnsend and the talk and prayers I had h yourself and wife, for it set me to iking how foolish I was to continue in when God was so wonderfully good. ss His name He made me cry 'God be reiful to me and heal my backslidings. heard my prayer and set me on the ck, Christ Jesus."

We had a south-west gale and for ut four days we never expected to see d again. The seas were running moun-is high. We lost all the sails we had ept two, and in the middle of it all we the mate, who dropped dead on the I can tell you we would not have ed much longer if the gale had not derated; but, thank God, I had Him ook to. I can tell you it is grand to always ready. Collins is getting on 1; he is happy in the Lord and is a at help to me."

I too am very thankful to our blessed venly Father for His love and kinds in taking me back into His fold, and proving Jesus to be a satisfying Saur day by day. I am glad to hear of ir good meetings at the Bethel, etc. y God bless the 'Chinese boy.' God 10 respector of persons; He saves all b will come unto Him by Christ Jesus. ank you for sending up the letter from ne, I was very glad to get it also. Miss BBLE is quite well and sends her reds to you. She is at present in the uglas Mission. The other missionaries well and doing good work for the ster. I would like very much to see I all. I suppose I would hardly know children, as they grow so fast. I hope see you all some time. I am at present tking in a saw mill."

"The tracts which you sent were very welcome. You have been really very thoughtful in selecting them, for we have all nationalities on board and the boys always like to read something in their native language. You did not even forget to put some Chinese leaflets in the collection. We have some nice Chinese boys on board and I am a good friend of theirs. I received your letter I planned for a meeting next Sunday night, but last night I heard that we are going away to Bremerton this morning and I am so sorry to leave here without seeing you and Mrs. TERRY. It was not possible for me to come over for there was no liberty for any one in this port except the mail orderly. We may take later a spin around in the Sound again and I may have a chance to get on liberty here, for we don't expect to go into the dock before the latter part of January, and we may not lay at Bremer-

ton all the time.

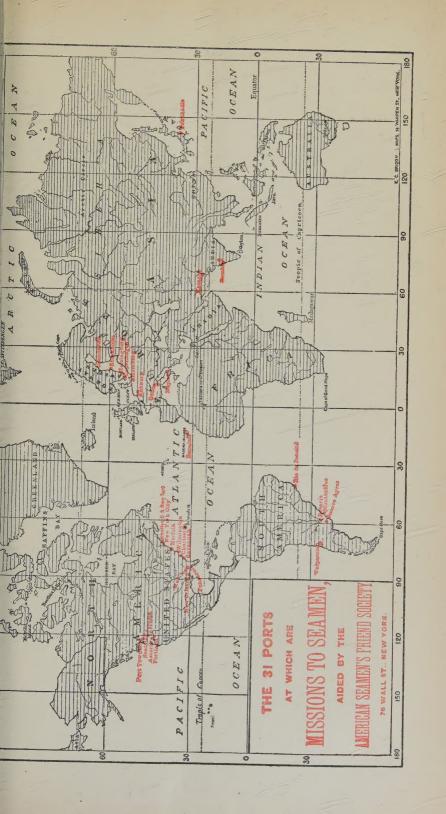
"We have now a chaplain on board. His name is Mr. McIntyre. He is a very nice man, and has Sunday church ser-vices on board. They are well attended. We are still having our Christian Endeavor meetings among ourselves twice a week. We received a draft of men in San Francisco from the Thetis' old crew and among them were some true Christian boys. We have now eight names on our membership list, and are all true to our Saviour. Sometimes we cannot have our meetings on the gun deck on Sunday night, because the brass band, which we now have on board, wants to play in the evenings and so we are compelled to go down in our old place on the orlop deck, where the music will not interfere with our talking. Glory to God! that we have better music in our souls than all the brass bands put together could make, and the amusements of this world have no attraction for me any more. I am sorry to hear that Mrs. TERRY has been sick, but thank God that she is better now and will be able to take part again in the meetings, for they must be very dry without her taking part in them. She is so kind and all the boys who have attended the meetings speak so well of her. I send her this book-mark as a little souvenir."

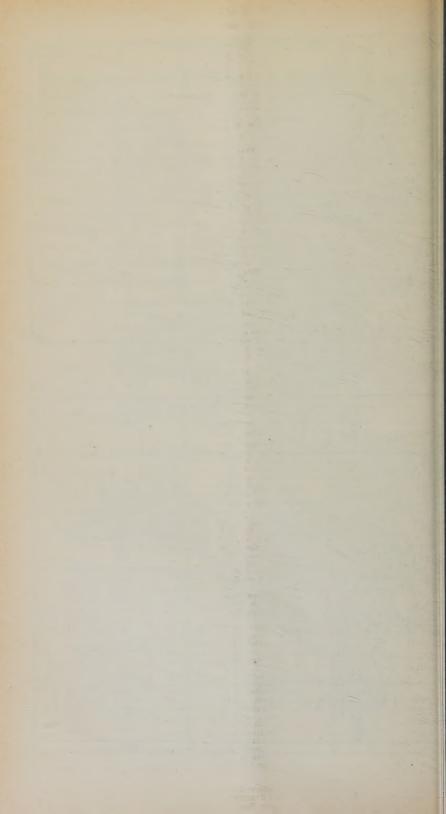
"Although I went pretty well down in sin yet the Spirit of God kept with me, and I feel that I can never repay Him for His goodness to me. I am going to sea happy and well saved. I came out from all my companions and asked Jesus for forgiveness two weeks ago in the Salva-

tion Army meeting."

The Planets for March, 18 MERCURY will not be well visible. VENUS will not be visible. MARS will not be well visible. JUPITER will be a conspicuous objeentire night; in opposition to the March 25. SATURN will rise after midnight will be visible in the south-east and the rest of the night.	et the Su	ne n	From a friend Hartford, Pearl Street Congregational Sunday School, for library Warburton Chapel Sunday School of First Church Lebanon, Mrs. D. S. Woodworth Lyme, First Congregational Church, Rev. E. F. Burr, D. D. Milford, First Congregational Church. Norwich. First Congregational Church. Norwich. First Congregational Church. South Britain, Congregational Ch. Southport, Congregational Sunday School South Srist Congregational Church. Southport, Southgrand Sunday School Westport, Saugatuck Congregational Ch. Westport, Saugatuck Congregational Church Wilton, Congregational Church	101 202 4 2: 101 25: 1 5 20: 5:
Princeton. T.	R.		New York.	
Sailors' Home, New You			Brooklyn, Mrs. Emily P. Ritchie, for library	2(1 20 20 10
Reported by F. Alexander, Lessee,	for t	he	M. H. A Morris K. Jessup	5
month of January, 1898. Total arrivals		83	Collections on board the steamers of the International Navigation Co.'s lines, received per H. G.	25
			Phillips, cashier	
Receipts for January, 18	898		half the proceeds of a collection taken on board North German Lloyd steamer Werra, December	
New Hampshire. Keene, Mrs. H. B. Eastman Portsmouth. Portsmouth Seamen's Friend Society, received per E. P. Kimball, trustee	\$ 1 50		York, donated to the purposes of the American Seamen's Friend Society	1(2)
VERMONT.			George F. Betts	13
Bennington, Second Congregational Church	3	00	Mrs. D. C. Blair. George F. Betts. The Pilots' Society of New York. Rochester, Mount Hor Church, for the Kenneth Weed Library Tarrytown, Mrs. H. F. Lombard. Troy, Rev. Arthur H. Allen.	2
Massachusetts.			Tarrytown, Mrs. H. F. Lombard	2
Dalton, Mary E. Crane	100		New Jersey.	Î
Dalton, Mary E. Crane		23 00	Blairstown, W. H. Vail, for library Mrs. C. E. Vail for library Englewood, Englewood Presbyterian	2
library	21	89	Unuren	12
Uxbridge, balance of bequest of Sarah B. Ellis, late of Uxbridge,			Jersey City Heights, Mrs. Henry O.	1
RHODE ISLAND.	140	26	Madison, First Presbyterian Church. Newark, Second Presbyterian Ch F. S. Douglas. Newfield, "From a niece of Daniel Webster"	91
Pawtucket, Pawtucket Congregation- al Church	Q.G	92	Newfield, "From a niece of Daniel	Î
al Church	00		Stewartsville, Henry F. Hulshizer	1
Pilgrim Congregational Church	24 1	30	DELAWARE.	
CONNECTICUT. Bethel, First Congregational Church. Danbury. First Congregational Ch., to constitute Charles H. Taylor and Thomas McCorkle, Life Mem-		50	New Castle, Hetty Smith, for a libra- in memory of Ellen Logan Smith, "She being dead, yet speaketh",	2
and Thomas McCorkle Life Mem			GEORGIA.	
Enfield First Congression - 1 Cl.	UU	35	Augusta, Mrs. Gamaliel G. Smith	6
Enfield, First Congregational Church. Greenwich, for a libra "y" in memory of Luther Prescott Hubbard, by	3	70	Minnesota. Northfield, Mary Stegner	,
of Luther Prescott Hubbard, by			New Mexico.	
his grandsons, Carleton W. and Drexel T. Hubbard''	20	00	Socorro, Rev. M. Matthieson	14 4
Groton, Congregational Church Sun- day School, for library	90	00		1.0
,	~(- 00	*	1,6

\$1,61





INFORMATION FOR SEAMEN. LIST OF CHAPLAINS, MISSIONARIES, Etc., AIDED BY THIS SOCIETY. LIST OF OHAPLAINS, MISSIONARIES, ING. AIDED BY THIS SOURTY DEN, Helsingborg. K. I. Berg Stockholm J. T. Hedstrom. Sundsvall. Rev. E. Eriksson. Gottenborg. Christian Nielsen. MARK. Copenhagen. Rev. A. Wollesen. MARK. The British & American Sailors' Inst., H. M. Sharpe. MARK. Hamburg. British & American Sailors' Inst., H. M. Sharpe. MANY, Hamburg. Antwerp. Antwerp Seamen's Friend Society, Rev. J. Adams. LV, Genoa. Genoa Harbor Mission, Rev. Donald Miller. Naples. Naples Harbor Mission, Rev. Donald Miller. Naples Seamen's Rest. F. Wood, Superinterdent. Karachi W. H. Dowling AN, Yokohama. Rev. W. T. Austen. Kobe. J. M. Harmon. Nagasaki..... Directory of Sailors' Homes and Private Boarding Houses. Location. Established by Reepers. Heren. Established by Reepers. Lade Bouraing Houses. Reepers. Lade Bouraing Houses. Reepers. Lade Bouraing Houses. LMINGTON, N. C., Front & Dock Sts. Wilmington Port Society... ARLESTON, S. C., 44 Market St... Ladies' Sea, Friend Society... BLE, Ala... Ladies' Sea. Fr'ind Society... W ORLEANS, La... N. O. Sea. Friend Society... FRANCISCO, Cal... S. F. Sea. Friend Soc'y... TRIAND, Ore. Portland Sea. Fr'nd Soc'y... W HAVEN, Conn... Ladies' Sea. Friend Society... Capt. H. G. Cordes. Halvor Iverson. Capt. Melvin Staples. Rev. A. Robinson. Rev. J. O. Bergh, Supt MARINERS' CHURCHES. Aided by STON. Mass. 332 Hanover St. Baptist Bethel Society. Bethel, 257 Hanover St. Boston Sea. Friend Soc'y. East Boston Bethel Methodist. OUCESTER, Mass. 6 Duncan St. Gloucester Fish'rmen's Inst. W BEDFORD, Mass. W HAVEN, Conn. Bethel, 6; Water. W YORK, N.Y. Catharine c, Madison New York Port Society. 138 Charlton Street. 44 Pike Street, E. R. Episcopal Miss Society. 558 Beaver St. Finish Lutheran Sea. Ch. 500KLYN, N. Y., U.S. Navy Yard. 31 Atlantic Avenue Dan. Ev. Luth. Sea. Miss'n. Episcopal Miss. Society. 31 Atlantic Avenue Dan. Ev. Luth. Sea. Miss'n. Episcopal Miss. Society. 31 Atlantic Avenue Dan. Ev. Luth. Sea. Miss'n. Episcopal Miss. Society. 31 Atlantic Avenue Dan. Ev. Luth. Sea. Miss'n. Episcopal Miss. Society. Episcopal Miss. Society. 10 Dan. Ev. Luth. Sea. Miss'n. Episcopal Miss. Society. MARINERS' CHURCHES. Missionaries. Rev. F. Southworth, A. S. Gilbert B. S. Nickerson L. B. Bates E. C. Charlton E. Williams " E. Williams. " John O. Bergh. " Samuel Boult. Mr. John McCormack. Rev. A. R. Mansfield. Stafford Wright. " W. A. A. Gardiner. " Isaac Maguire. " V. K. Durchman. Mr. J. M. Wood. Am. Sea. Friend Society... New York Port Society... Dan, Ev. Luth. Sea. Miss'n. Episcopal Miss. Society.... Rev. R. Andersen. "Isaac Maguire. Jakob Bo. H. F. Lee. Francis W. Burch. "W. Downey. "E. N. Harris, "G. W. Heyde, Mr. Kirby S. Willis. Rev. J. b. Merritt. "J. Carmichael, D.D. "C. E. Chichester. "H. Iverson, Mr. Henry C. Cushman, Rev. R. A. Mickle, "R. E. Steele, "J. Rowell. "A. Robinson,

AMERICAN SEAMEN'S FRIEND SOCIET

76 Wall Street, New York.

ORGANIZED, MAY, 1828-INCORPORATED, APRIL, 1838.

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W. C. STITT, D.D., Secretary.

CHAS. A. STODDARD, D.D., Vice-Presion

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OBJECTS OF THE SOCIETY.

ARTICLE II, (of the Constitution.)-"The object of this Society shall be to improve social and moral condition of seamen, by uniting the efforts of the wise and good in behalf; by promoting in every port Boarding Houses of good character, Savings' Ba Register offices, Libraries, Museums, Reading Rooms, and Schools; and also the mintions of the Gospel, and other religious blessings."

CHAPLAINS.—In addition to its chaplaincies in the United States, the Society has state in Japan, Chile, S. A., the Madeira Islands, Iceland, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, MANY, HOLLAND, BELGIUM, FRANCE. ITALY, and INDIA. A list of the chaplains, who always be ready to befriend the sailor, is given on the preceding page.

LOAN LIBRARIES.—An important part of the Society's work, and one greatly bless God to the good of seamen, is that of placing on board ships going to sea, libraries posed of carefully selected, instructive, and entertaining books, put up in cases conta between thirty-five and forty volumes each, for the use of ships' officers and crews. donor of each library is informed when and where it goes, and to whom it is entrusted: whatever of interest is heard from it is communicated as far as possible. The whole ber of new libraries sent out by the Society up to April 1, 1897, was 10,379. Calculating reshipments, their 553,685 volumes have been accessible to more than 395,037 men. dreds of hopeful conversions at sea have been reported as traceable to this instru tality. A large proportion of these libraries have been provided by special contribu from Sabbath-Schools. Twenty dollars furnishes a library.

THE SAILORS' HOME, No. 190 Cherry Street, New York, is the property of this Soc and is leased under careful, judicious restrictions. It is unsurpassed in comfort by Sailors' Home in the world; its moral and religious influences cannot be fully estimated. but many seamen have there been led to Christ. Destitute, shipwrecked seamen are vided for at the Home. A missionary of the Society resides in the Home, and religious temperance meetings are held daily. The Lessee receives and cares for the savings of sailor guests and a large amount has thus been saved to seamen and their families.

A list of the Society's periodicals will be found on the second page of the cover of WAGAZINE.